

Infantile Hemangioma Opportunity

Changing the Approach to Treatment for Infantile Hemangiomas



Improving the Treatment of Infantile Hemangioma (IH)



- **Vision**

Provide a safe, efficacious option that allows early treatment of IH

- **Technology**

Novel formulation of esmolol that allows once daily application without systemic beta blockade

- **Regulatory Path**

505(b)(2) NDA, seeking orphan drug designation; cost- and time-efficient

- **Patent/IP**

IP protection to 2037; 7.5 years exclusivity with orphan designation and pediatric data

- **Key Milestones**

In 24 months—IND filed, orphan designation, and Phase 1b clinical trial results

- **Team**

Expertise in infantile hemangioma, drug formulation, development, and M&A

Infantile Hemangioma is an Undertreated Disease



Last year ~170,000 infants were born with Infantile Hemangiomas^{1,2}

- Lesions grow rapidly in the first weeks of life
- Early treatment is critical - *Optimal treatment begins at 4–8 weeks of age*
- Referral to *a dermatologist typically occurs at 5 months* - by then most growth has occurred³
- Currently, one **oral beta-blocker** is the only FDA approved therapy
 - However, generic propranolol is often used due to low price and easy access
- Many Hemangiomas are *not being treated or treated only after they are very advanced*
 - Treatment is delayed because;
 - Disease variability and difficulty in risk assessment by primary care physicians
 - The perceived and real risk of side effects of oral beta blockers in young infants



1. U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, 2020 Census preliminary data
2. Munden A, et al. Prospective study of infantile hemangiomas: incidence, clinical characteristics and association with placental anomalies. Br J Dermatology 2014;170:907-913
3. Hemangioma Investigator Group, Haggstrom A, et al. Prospective Study of Infantile hemangiomas: demographic, prenatal, and perinatal characteristics. 2007: 150:291-294,2007

About Infantile Hemangioma (IH)



- A type of benign vascular tumor
 - **Abnormal growth of blood vessels**
 - Risk factors include low birth weight and prematurity
- If left untreated, growth may lead to:
 - **Damage to surrounding tissues**
 - IH on the eye lid can lead to permanent vision impairment
 - **Tissue necrosis** which can lead to:
 - Skin and soft tissue ulceration
 - Bleeding
 - Scarring
 - Risk of **permanent disfigurement**



Female, 1 month



Female, 1 month

IH become evident in the first few weeks to months of life



Female, 4 months



Female, 9 months

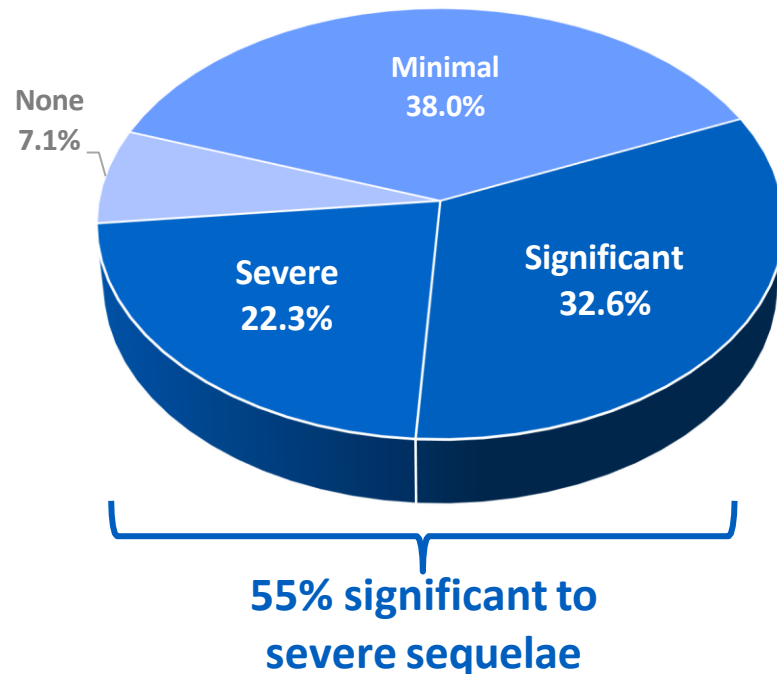
If untreated, IH can grow quickly, resulting in ulceration and permanent scarring

The Majority of IH Cause Permanent Residual Effects



IH undergo slow involution that can take several months to years

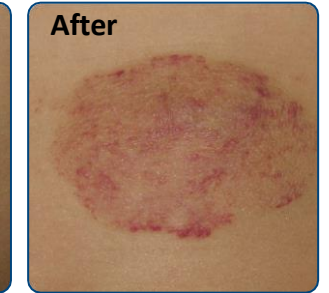
Proportion of IH with sequelae following involution¹



Type of IH Sequelae after Involution^{1,2}



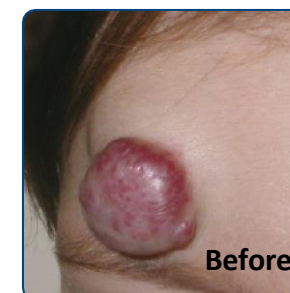
Permanent Scarring



Anetodermic Skin (loss of skin elasticity)



Redundant Skin (excess skin)

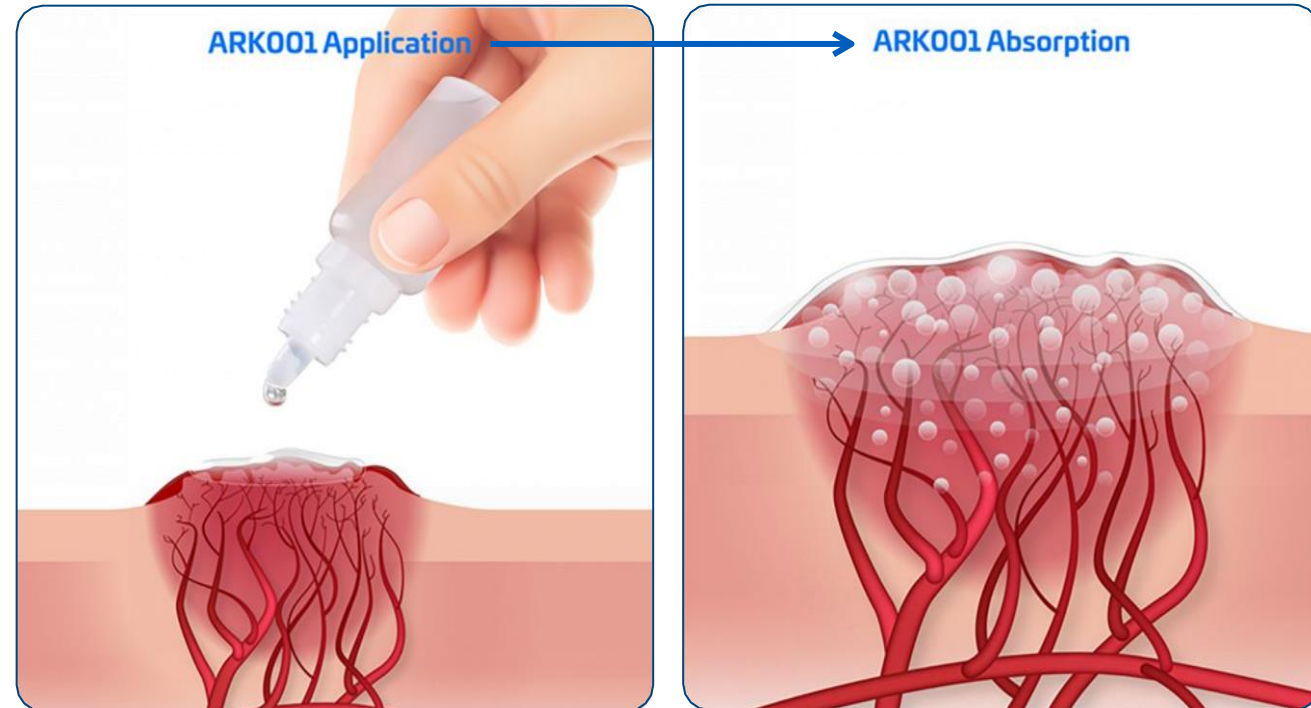


Fibro Fatty Tissue

ARK001: A Novel Esmolol Product to Treat IH



- **Pediatric-specific formulation**— Clear topical esmolol gel designed for sensitive skin
- **Topical delivery**— Applied directly to the IH where it is absorbed to act locally
- **Ultra-short half-life**— Esmolol is rapidly metabolized locally by red blood cells; no systemic beta blockade
 - Less risk of hypoglycemia – can be administered without food/no need to wake a baby for feeding
- **Low risk of side effects seen with other beta blockers**
 - Esmolol is beta-1 selective, and does not cross the blood brain barrier
 - Low risk of bradycardia or wheezing
 - Low risk of CNS side effects such as sleep disturbance or negative cognitive impact



ARK001 is applied directly to the IH

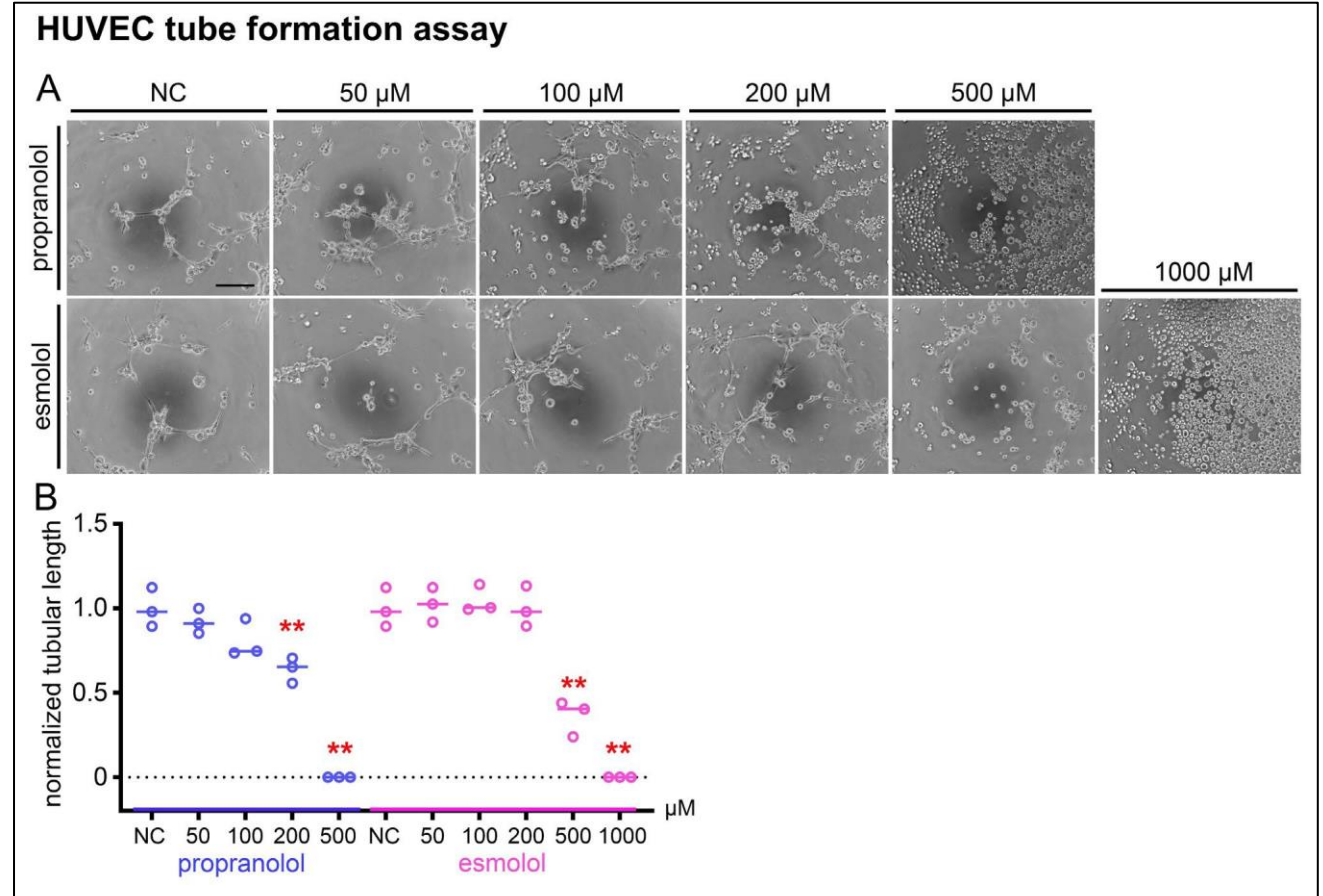
ARK001 is absorbed into IH, where it acts and then is rapidly deactivated by red blood cells

ARK001 Mechanism of Action: Comparable Effect of Esmolol to Propranolol on Vessel Formation



- IH are derived from endothelial progenitor cells driven by local hypoxia in the skin¹
- The primary antiproliferative mechanisms of beta blockers on IH have been attributed to inhibition of angiogenesis due to:
 - Decreased endothelial cell migration
 - Decreased endothelial cell proliferation
 - Increased endothelial cell apoptosis
- Arkayli in-vitro experiments demonstrate inhibition of angiogenesis with esmolol comparable to propranolol²

Comparable Effect of Esmolol to Propranolol on Vessel Formation



1. Krowchuk D, et al. Clinical Practice Guideline for the Management of Infantile Hemangiomas. *Pediatrics* 2019;143;1-28.

2. In-vitro experiments conducted at the University of Wisconsin. Data on File, Arkayli Biopharma

HUVEC = Human umbilical vascular endothelial cells

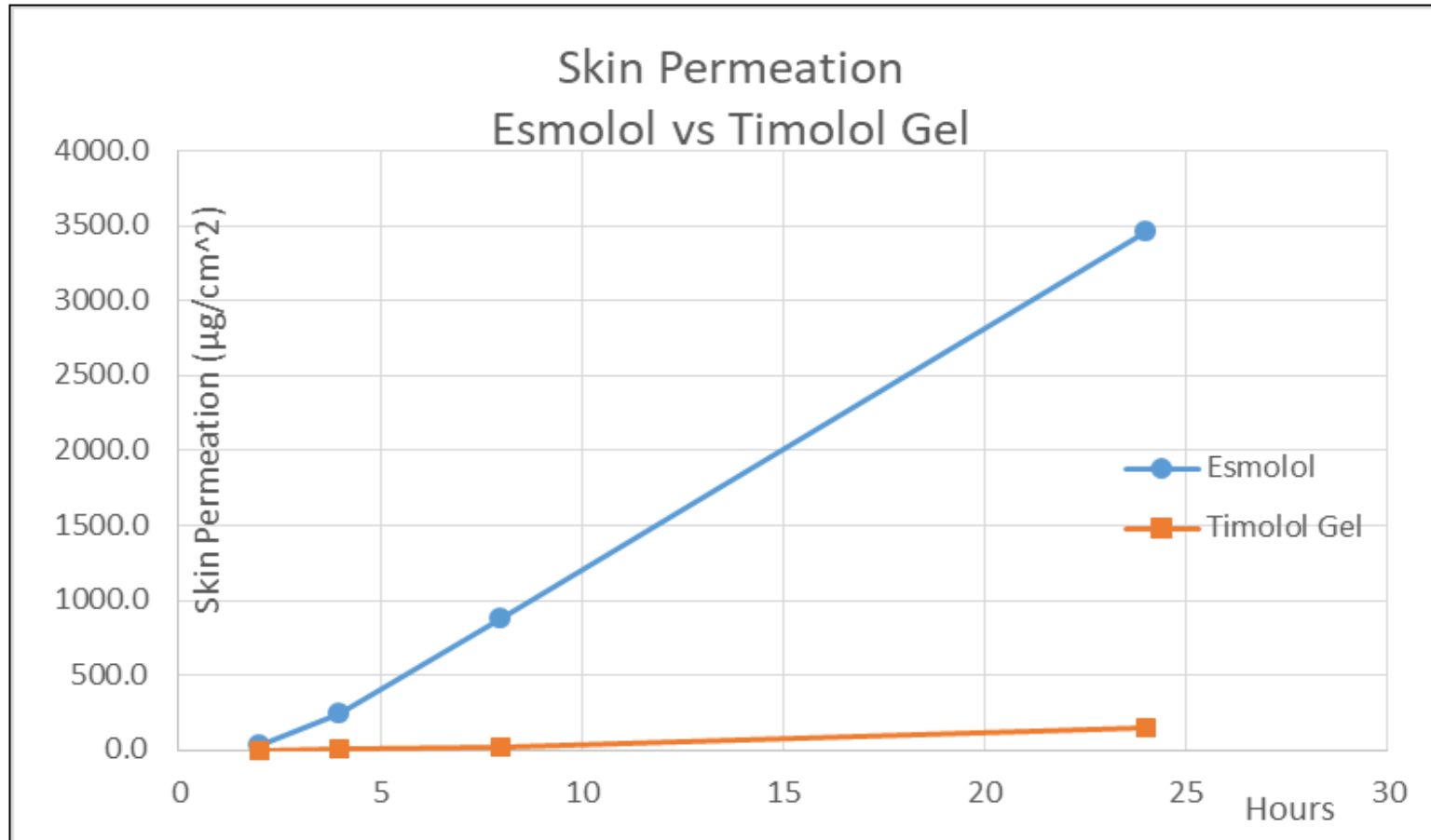
ARK001 Target Product Profile (TPP)

Comparison to Profile of Current Therapies used for IH



	ARK001 TPP (esmolol)	Hemangeol® (propranolol 4.28 mg/ml)	Propranolol oral soln. (4.0, 8.0 mg/ml)	Timolol ophthalmic (0.25%, 0.5%)
FDA approved for IH	Investigational	✓	✗	✗
Topical delivery	✓	✗	✗	✓
Once-daily dosing	✓	✗	✗	✗
Ultra-short half life	✓ 4.5-7.0 minutes	✗ 3.0-6.0 hours	✗ 3.0-6.0 hours	✗ 2.6-4.8 hours
Does not achieve blood levels consistent with beta blockade	✓	✗	✗	✗
Low risk of hypoglycemia (administer regardless of feeding)	✓	✗	✗	✗
Does not cross the blood brain barrier	✓	✗	✗	✗
Low Risk of CNS side effects (sleep disturbance, memory impairment)	✓	✗	✗	✗
Beta-1 receptor selective (low risk of wheezing, bradycardia)	✓	✗	✗	✗

ARK001 can be Delivered at a Higher Rate into IH Lesion than Timolol Ophthalmic Gel



ARK001—Esmolol gel is designed to increase delivery of beta blocker to the lesion, without systemic beta blockade

Timolol ophthalmic gel is not approved for IH but is included in the American Academy of Pediatrics Clinical Practice Guideline as a therapy for thin/superficial IH. Timolol gel has been widely adopted in the treatment of IH.

Arkayli Intellectual Property



Patents Filed:

- WO 2020/242962, PCT 2020/034270
- Covers two molecules and innovative formulations: Esmolol and Landiolol
- Provisional patent application for next generation formulation

IP Protection:

- US: Potential for 7.5 years exclusivity with orphan drug designation (ODD), plus an additional 6-month pediatric extension
- EU: Potential for 10 years exclusivity with orphan medicinal product designation (OMPD), plus an additional 2 years pediatric extension
- Method of claims for IH to 2037

ARK001 Progress to Date - Accomplishments



De-risking ARK001 development program

- Agreement from FDA to proceed directly into 28-day Phase 1b trial in infants with IH
- 5-day minipig study for PK and dermal irritation completed
 - Demonstrated negligible esmolol systemic exposure, well below systemic beta blockade levels
- HUVEC cell experiment completed - Demonstrated esmolol effect on angiogenesis comparable to propranolol
- Canfield 3D photography Study (n=75): Validate clinical efficacy endpoint measure is completed
 - Determined optimal endpoint for Phase 1b is change in color of IH
- AMES, Dermal Sensitization and Phototoxicity studies all Completed – Reported exceptionally clean results
- Dose Ranging Finding Study Completed in mini pigs (BID and SQ dosing) – Positive results
- 28-Day Mini Pig study on track to finish December 21st, 2024.

Additional milestones achieved

- Formulation design and enclosure delivery device complete; skin permeation experiments completed
- ODD application submitted, FDA provided feedback, extension granted until August of 2025
- Preliminary market research conducted with physicians and payer supports unmet market need and commercial viability

ARK001 Phase 1b Trial Plan



- **Design:**

- Open-label, dose-escalation study (sentinel dosing in first cohort)
- Population size: n=20 infants with IH
- Dose escalation: 3-5 patients per treatment cohort
- Length of treatment: 28 days
- Outcome measures: PK, safety and tolerability, IH color change
- Single U.S. site

- **Inclusion:**

- Infants with hemangioma: Age > 28 days
- IH Location: Non-facial/diaper location, not complicated

- **Endpoints/Evaluation:**

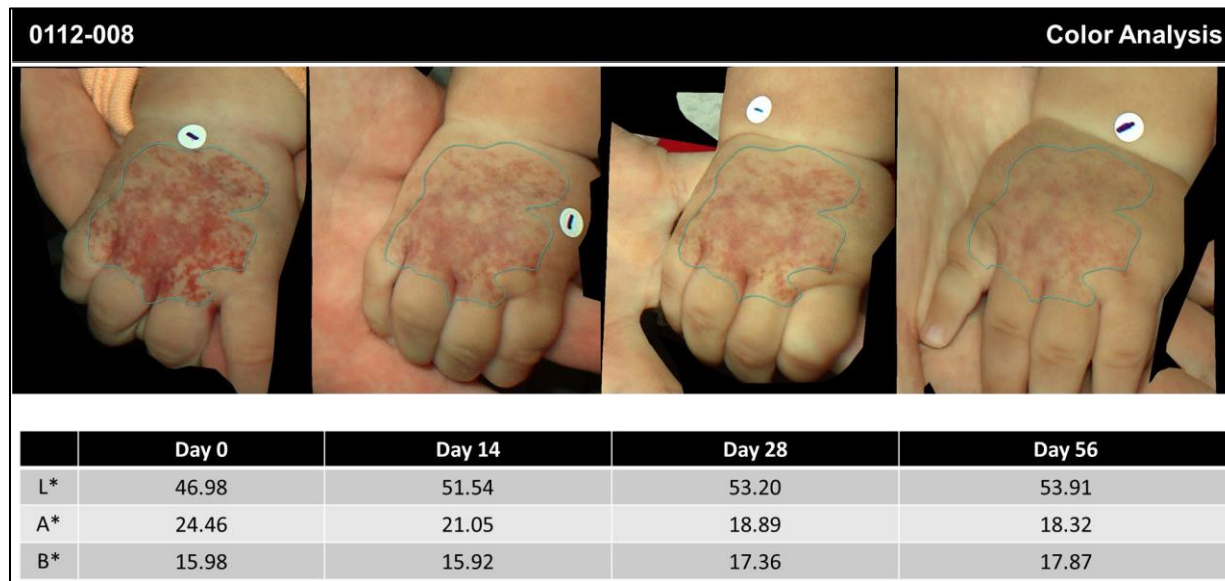
- Safety: Cardiovascular and metabolic safety, local tolerability, PK
- Efficacy (exploratory): Change in IH color assessed by Canfield 3D Photography and the hemangioma dynamic severity scale (HSS)

Study to Validate Efficacy Measure for IH



Arkayli validation study of Canfield 3D digital imaging for use in IH studies*

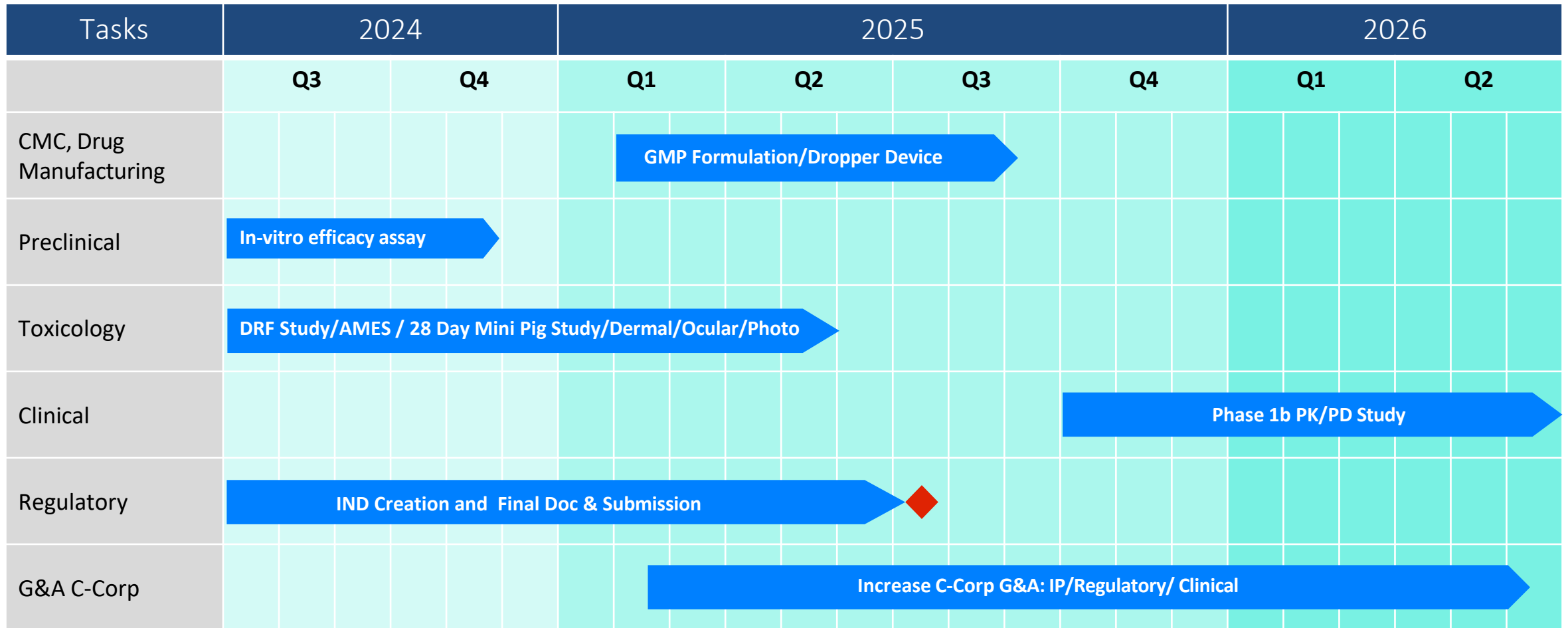
- N=75 infants completed to date; 271 images analyzed
- Non-invasive 3D photography at baseline (Day 0) and Days 14, 28, and 56
- Measurement of change in volume and color intensity
- Result: Determined that change in color is more sensitive efficacy measure for 28-day Phase 1b study than change in volume



Example of propranolol treated infant

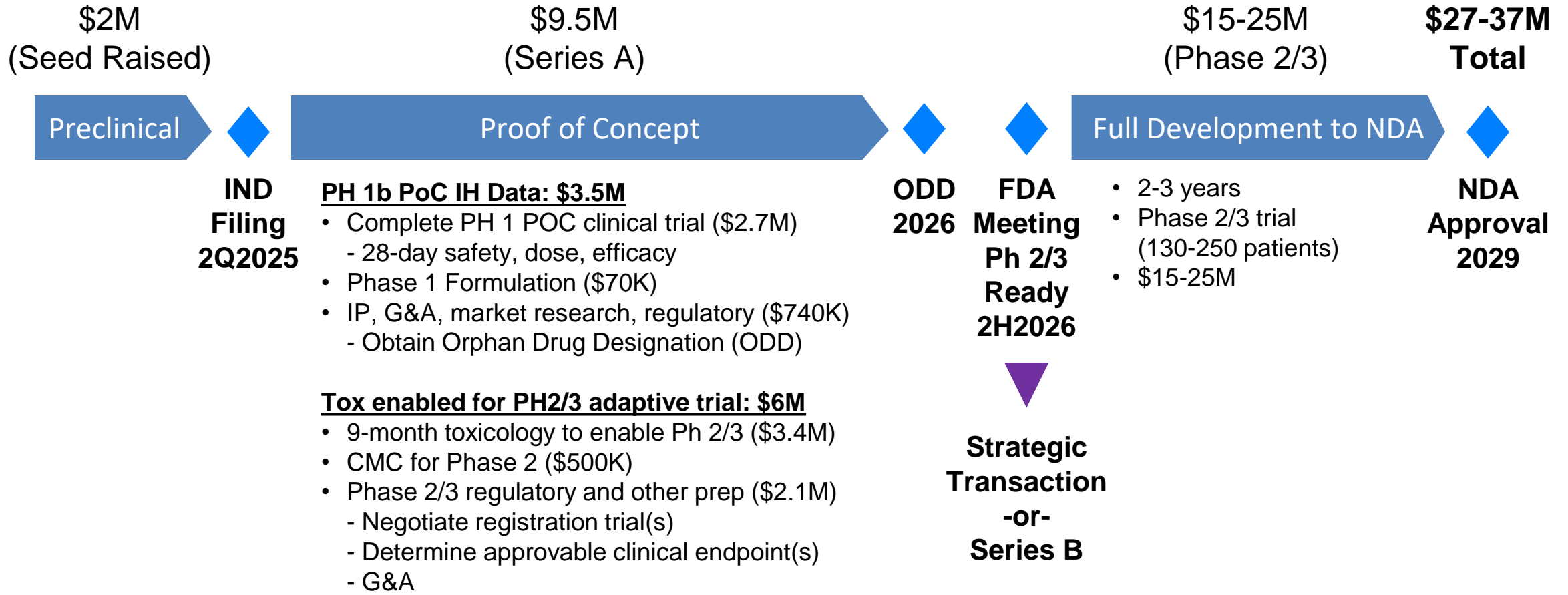
*Historically, in studies of IH, retrospective expert rater reviews were used to measure efficacy and found to be unreliable

Development Timeline



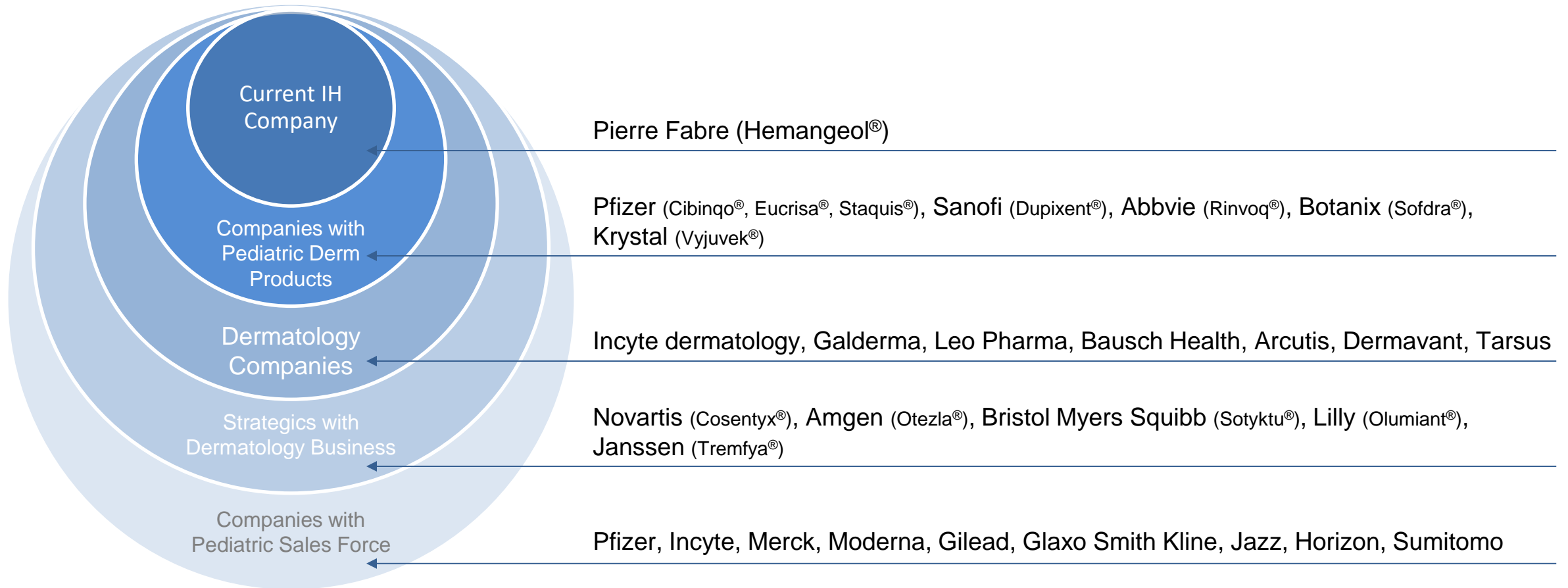
◆ = Open IND

Arkayli Funding Plan and Use of Proceeds



◆ = Key Milestones

Landscape of Potential ARK001 Acquirers or Partners



Dermatology Phase 2 Deal Comparables

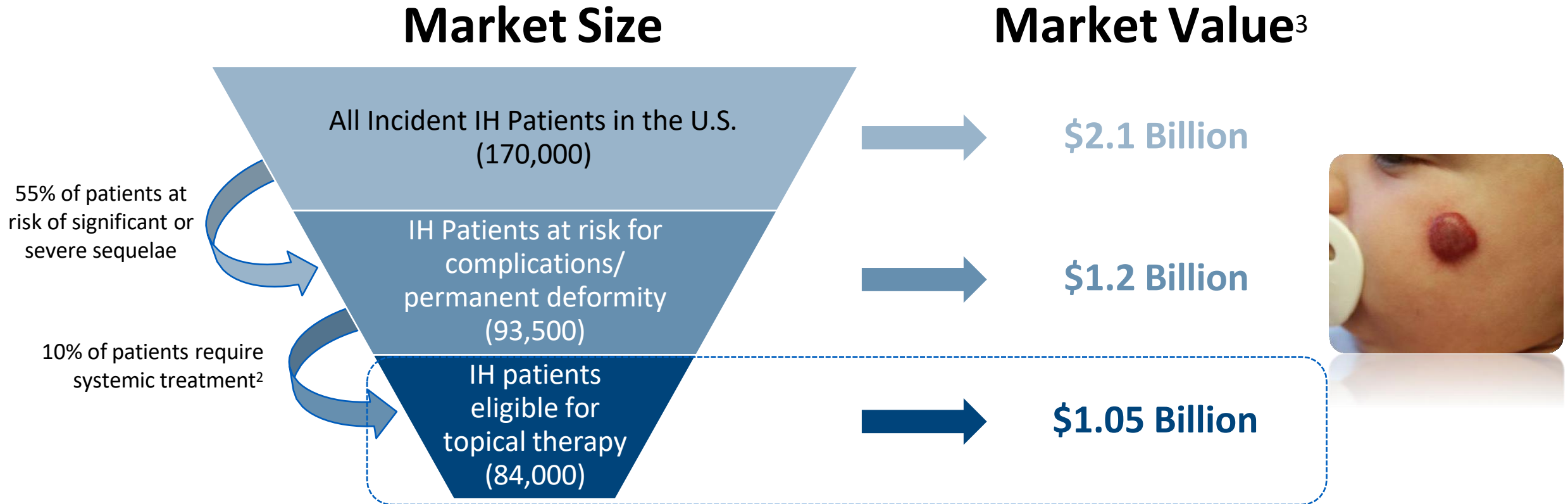


Over 25 development phase dermatology deals (licensing and M&A) identified by Arkayli*

Arkayli Phase 2 Deal Comparables		
Company	Acquirer or Licensee	Deal Information
Aristea	Arena	Phase 2b: CXCR2 inhibitor for palmoplantar pustulosis (orphan) \$60M upfront ; \$10M equity option staged for buyout
AFT	Timber	Phase 2: Rapamycin for facial angiofibromas in TSC All development costs plus \$20M in milestones
Pellepharm	Leo Pharma	Phase 2b: Patidegib topical gel for Gorlin syndrome \$70M upfront equity; \$690M milestones
Elastagen	Allergan	Phase 1/2: Tropoelastin for acne scars and stretch marks \$95M upfront plus milestones
Topokine Therapeutics	Allergan	Phase 2b: XAF5 topical for steatoblepharon (undereye bags) \$85M upfront plus milestones
SPARC	Sun Pharma	Phase 2: Oral S1P1 agonist for AD and psoriasis \$20M upfront ; \$125M milestones

*database available upon request

U.S. IH Market Size and Value

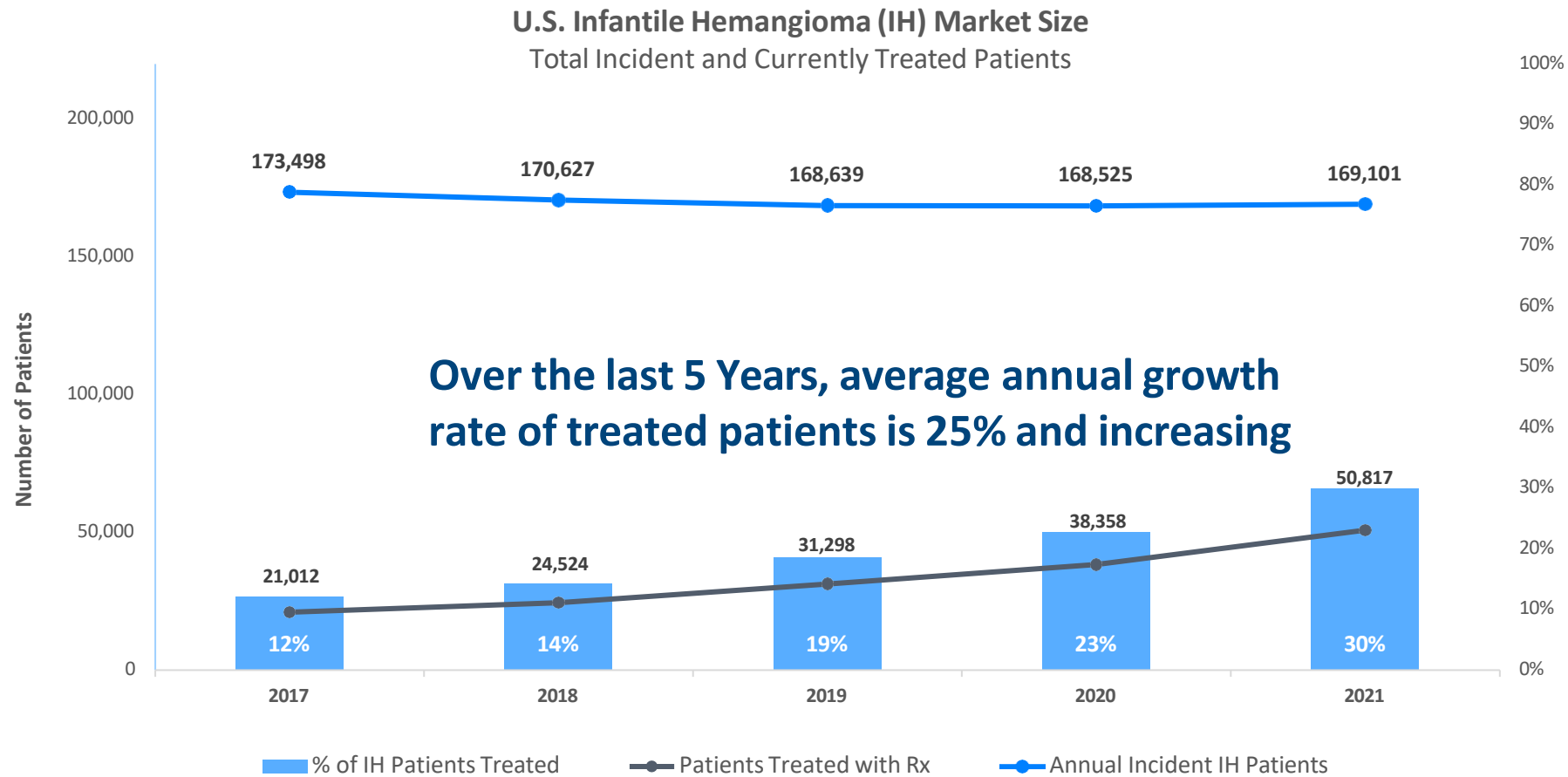


1. Baselga E, et al. Risk factors for degree and type of sequelae after involution of untreated hemangiomas of infancy. JAMA Dermatology 2016;152:1239-1243

2. Haggstrom AN, et al. Prospective study of infantile hemangiomas: Clinical characteristics predicting complications and treatment. Pediatrics 2006;118(3):882-887

3. Market value calculated based upon price parity to current Hemangeol price if used in infants of median weight treated for 12 months (=\$1034/mo)

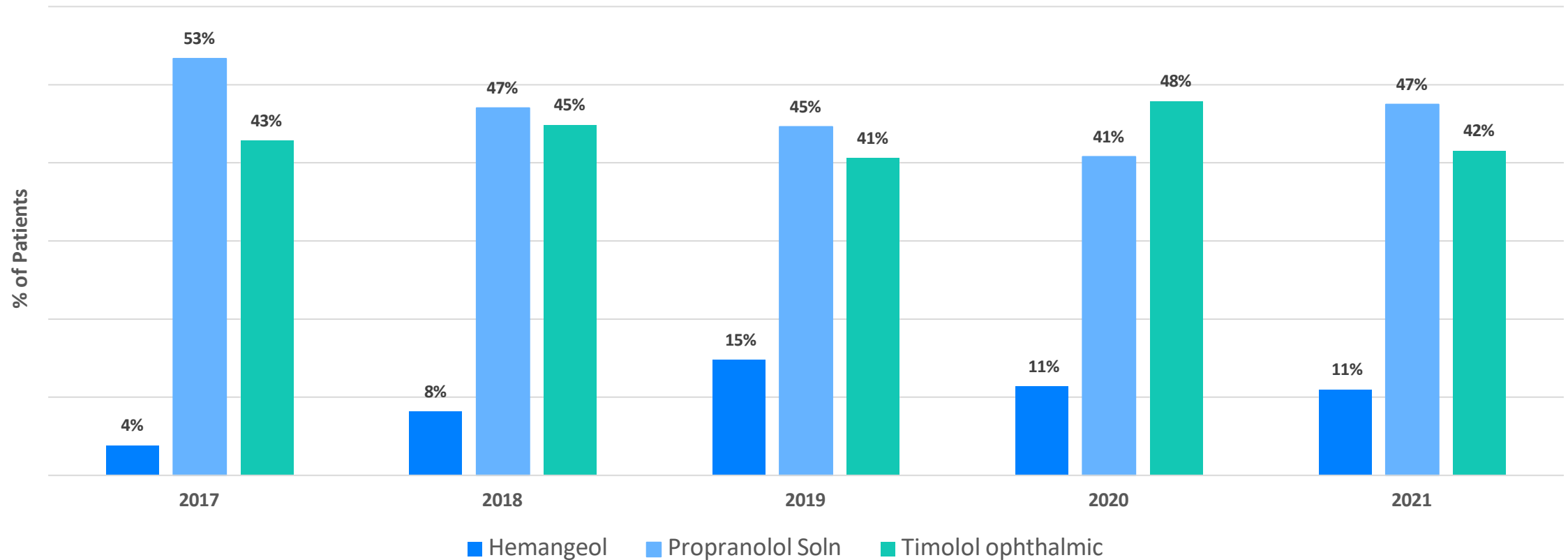
Only 30% of Infants with IH are Treated



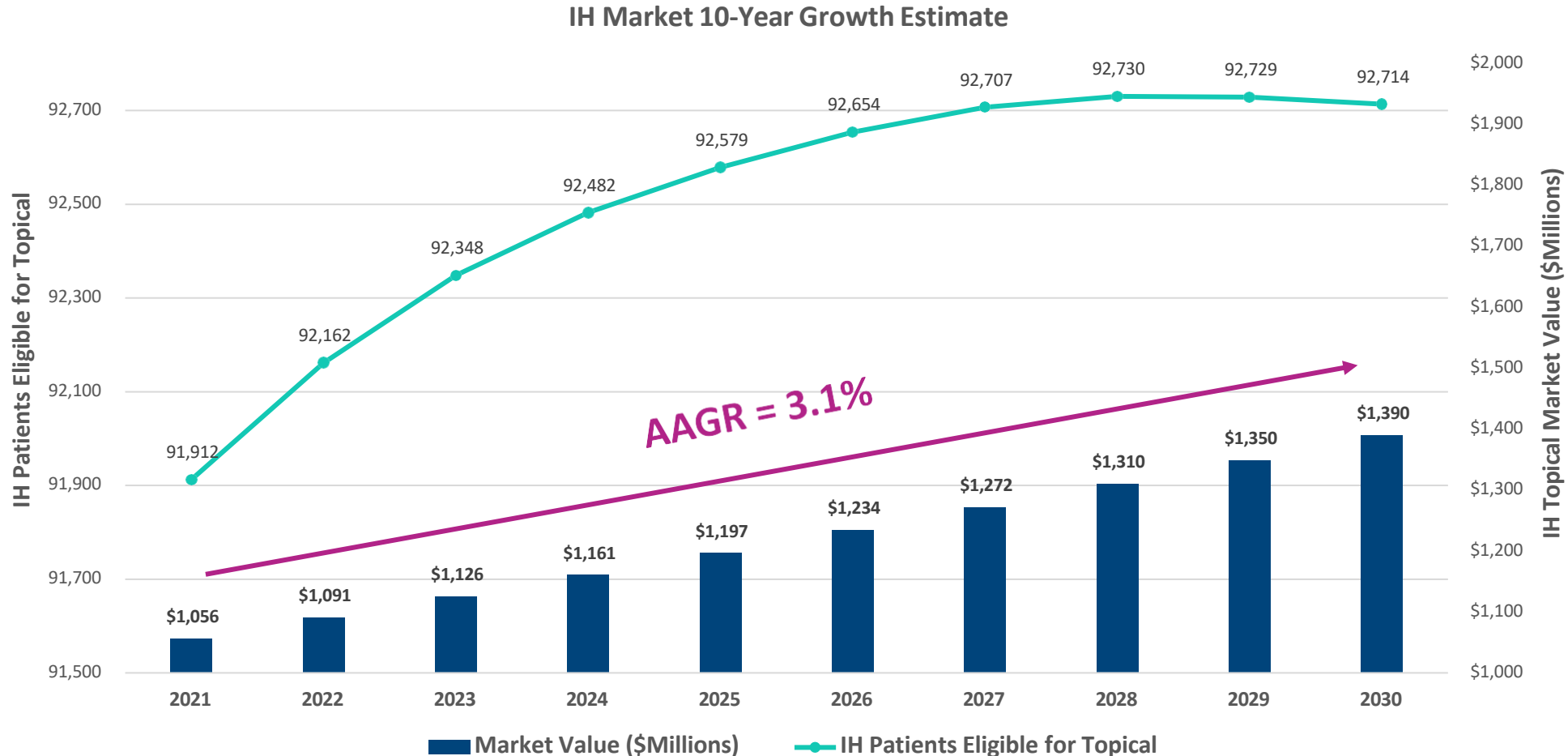
Most Infants are Treated with an Off-Label, Generic Beta-Blocker



Treatment of IH by Product
(% of patients)



Forecast Growth in Topical IH Market Size and Value in the Next 10 Years

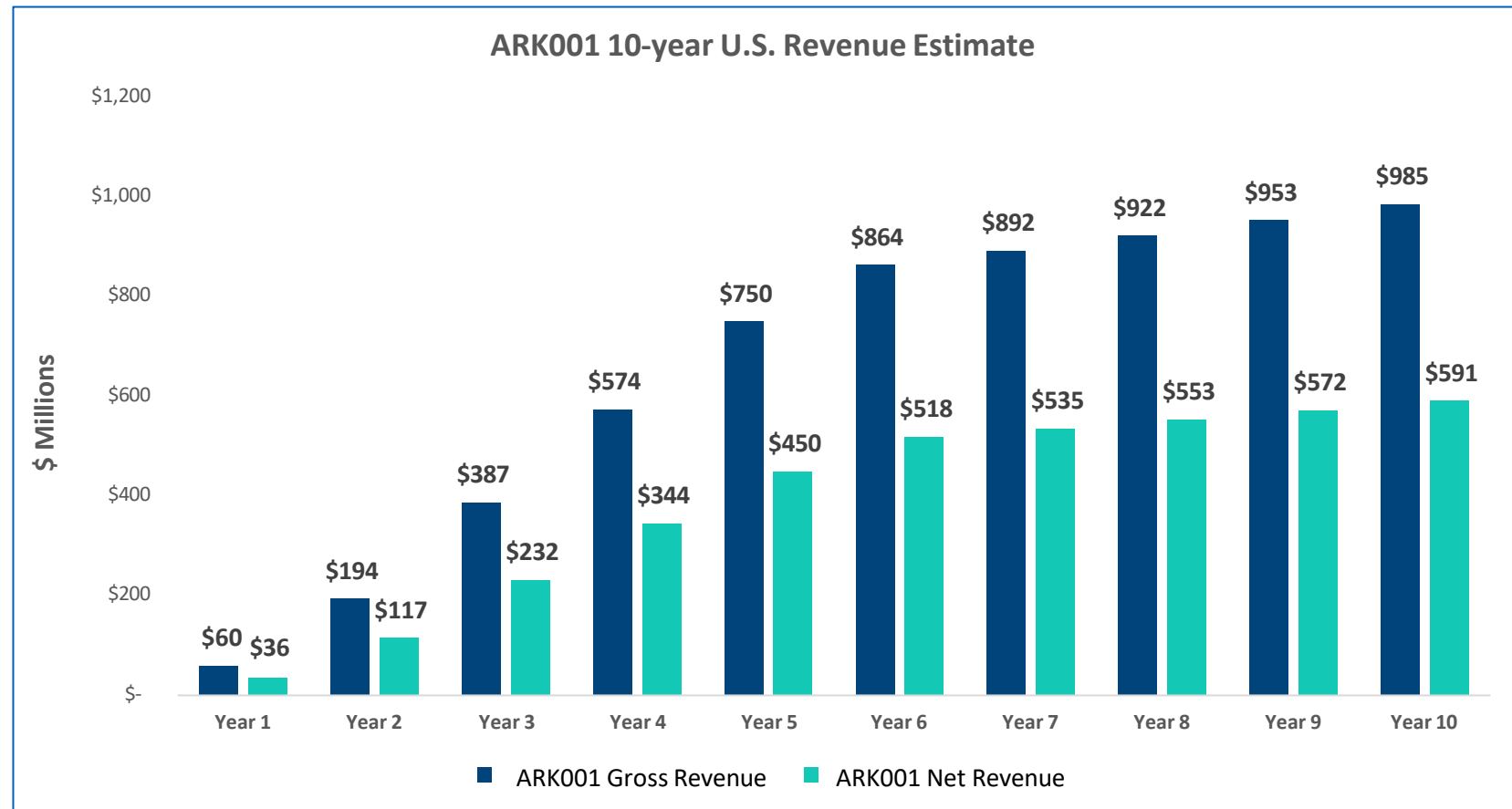


Sizable US Market and ROW Opportunities



Opportunity for Global Growth:

- First and only drug approval for treating IH was 8 years ago. Since then, US market growth has been significantly increasing.
- Significant growth opportunities projected in developing countries.



The assumptions used to create this revenue estimate are based upon secondary data. Projections are preliminary and primary research is necessary to validate certain forecast assumptions.

Symphony Health Metys™ patient count for use of propranolol solution and timolol ophthalmic by dermatologists and pediatricians

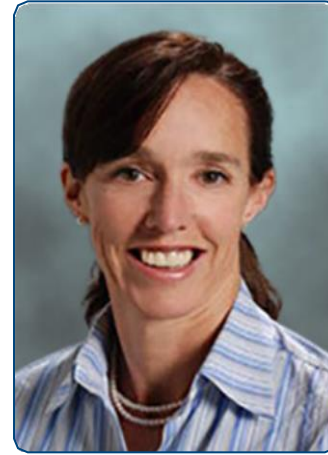
Proven Leadership Team



Thomas Rossi, PhD
Co-founder, Chairman



Seth Reno, MBA
CEO



Beth Drolet, MD
Co-founder, Clinical Lead



Katie MacFarlane,
PharmD, Commercial



Paul Manley, MSRB
Regulatory



Ric Stanulis, PhD,
Toxicology, NonClinical Lead



Gil Price, MD, Board
Member



Steve Gullans, PhD,
Strategic Advisor

Thank You

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